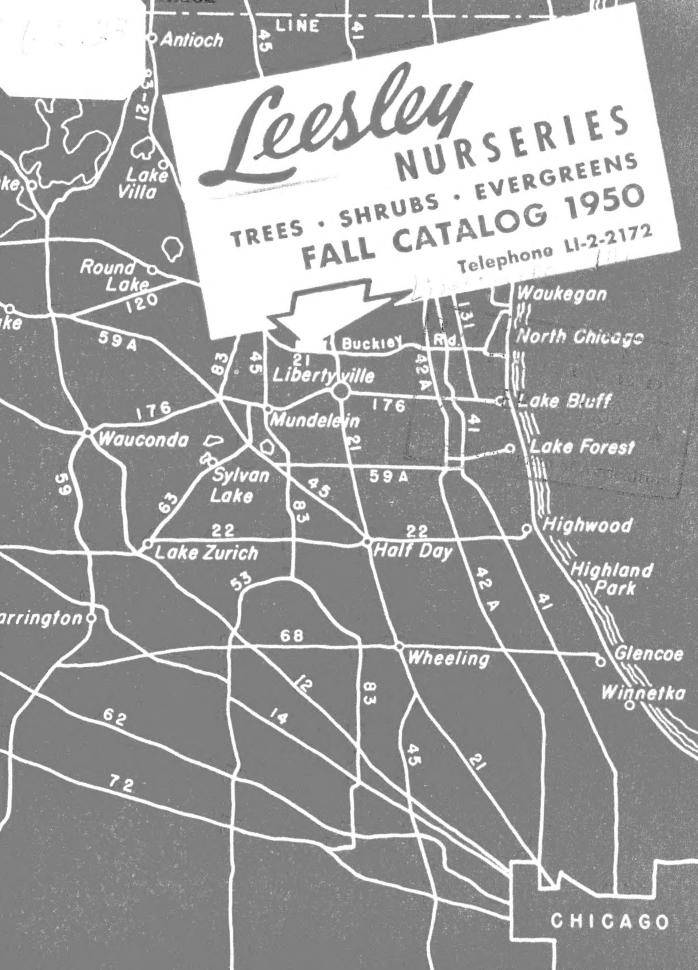
# **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.







### LEESLEY NURSERIES

# Retail Catalog

This book includes most of the varieties which we grow, but if you do not see what you want, please ask us, as we have other varieties and sizes than those listed.

The prices given are at the nursery. If planting and a guarantee is desired, there is an additional charge of approximately 50 per cent. Where a considerable number of trees and shrubs are required, we shall be glad to quote special prices.

We make sketches and detailed plans, gladly furnishing these without charge, if stock is ordered from us, otherwise plans will be furnished on a cost basis.

Our representative will gladly call and give estimates and advice as to what to plant. Our wide experience in planting many of the largest estates as well as the smallest city lots, including parks and cemeteries will be placed at your disposal.

We especially urge that you visit the nursery. You may select specimens you desire at an additional charge of 25%. An attendant is on the grounds at all times. Our office is located on the nursery grounds and is open Sundays during the Spring and Fall seasons, for your convenience, and we have a cash and carry salesyard.

Stock purchased amounting to \$50.00 or more will be delivered free within a radius of 50 miles. We are equipped to do work in Chicago or any of the adjoining suburbs.

LOCATION — We are located two miles northwest of Libertyville on Route 21. Office telephone: LIbertyville 2-2172.

WE EMPLOY NO AGENTS — Our business comes to us through satisfied customers. Our nursery consists of 200 acres of well drained land, especially adapted for nursery purposes, with a complete equipment of warehouses and irrigation system enabling us to grow the highest quality of stock.

No claims will be honored unless made within 10 days after purchase of stock. We give no warranty expressed or implied, as to life, description, quality or productiveness of stock we sell. Our total liability for any errors, should stock prove untrue to name, shall be limited to our replacing free or refunding purchase price.

# Nature's Nobility -- Trees

Trees are always an attractive setting for the house. They are necessary, too, to add comfort to the hot summer days. The owner of farm or city property that is well planted with shade trees, windbreaks and shrubbery finds himself possessed not only of a beautiful home, but one that has increased its value many times the original cost of the trees and plants.

### ASH .

MOUNTAIN ASH — (SORBUS aucuparia) Splendid foliage, clusters of orange berries from July until winter, grows best in well drained soil. Height 25-30'

Each 5 to 25 6 feet 2.25 2.00

WHITE ASH — (FRAXINUS americana) Tall native tree, good for shade, very vigorous and straight, brilliant gold foliage in fall. Height 70-80'

1	.inch	3.50	3.20
11/2	inch	5.00	4.70
2	inch	7.00	6.70
21/2	inch	9.00	8.70

### BIRCH — Spring Only

CUTLEAF WEEPING BIRCH — (BETULA pendula laciniata)
White bark, with cutleaf foliage and weeping branches. Height 20'.

6 feet 4.00 3.70

### CRABS

plena) Clear pink double flowers in late May or early June. Height to 15'

Eαch 5 to 25 3 feet 4.00 3.70 4 feet 5.00 4.70

JAPANESE FLOWERING CRAB — (MALUS floribunda) Flower buds are red, fading to light pink, most profuse flowering of the Crabs, bearing an abundance of small yellow crab-apples. Height to 14'

3 feet 3.00 2.70 4 feet 4.00 3.70

HOPA CRAB — (MALUS hopa) Foliage reddish-purple, flowers single, large broad petals, deep lavender-pink. Fruit large red crabapples which are excellent for jelly. Height to 30'

		Each	5 to 25				Each
3	feet	3.00	2.70	(B&B)	6	feet	9.50
4	feet	4.00	3.70	(B&B)	7	feet	12.50
5	feet	5.50	5.20	(B&B)	8	feet	18.00

PURPLE LEAF CRAB — (MALUS atropurpurea) Foliage is deeper colored than Hopa, fruit is small and not suited for jelly. Height to 16'

3	feet	3.00	2.70	(B&B)	7	feet	12.50
4	feet	4.00	3.70	(B&B)	8	feet	18.00

WILD CRABAPPLE — (MALUS ioensis) Flowers are light pink, followed by large yellow crabapples which are good for jelly. Light gray bark. Height to 25'

3	feet	3.00	2.70	(B&B)	6	feet	9.50
4	feet	4.00	3.70	(B&B)	7	feet	12.50
5	feet	5.50	5.20				

### ELM

AMERICAN ELM — (ULMUS americana) Native tree with graceful spreading branches, prefers moist soil. Height 80 to 100'

		Each	5 to 25
1	inch	6.00	5.70
11/2	inch	8.00	7.70
2	inch	10.00	9.70

CHINESE ELM — (ULMUS pumila) Most rapid growing of the better shade trees, fine foliage, and thrives in poor soil. Height 50 to 60'

1	inch	4.00	3.70
11/2	inch	6.00	5.70
2	inch	8.00	7.70
21/2	inch	10.00	
3	inch	13.00	

**LAKE CITY ELM** — Vase shaped, with very strong light branches.

**MOLINE ELM** — (ULMUS am. molinensis) Conical shape, rapid growing.

**VASE ELM** — (ULMUS americana urnii) Vase shaped with large dark green foliage.

The Lake City, Moline and Vase Elms are excellent for parkways. Height 50 to 60'.

11/2	inch	8.00	7.70
2	inch	10.00	9.70
21/2	inch	14.00	

### HACKBERRY

HACKBERRY — (CELTIS occidentalis) Fine native tree with leaves and bark similar to the American elm, spreading, globular and irregular in height.

	Each 5 t	o 25			Each	5 to 25
1½ inch	7.00 9.00 12.00	8.70	3	inch inch inch	16.00 20.00 25.00	15.70 19.70

### HAWTHORN

PAUL'S SCARLET HAWTHORN — (CRATAEGUS oxyacantha splendens) A grafted variety, erect in habit blooms in late May or Early June. The flowers are clusters of scarlet.

		Each	5 to 25
4	feet	4.00	3.70
5	feet	6.00	5.70

THICKET HAWTHORN — (CRATAEGUS coccinea) Erect with good foliage lasting into winter. Thicket Hawthornes are noted for their beautiful white flowers and red berries. Height to 20'.

	3	feet	5.00	4.70
(B&B)	4	feet	10.00	9.70
(B&B)	5	feet	12.50	12.20
(B&B)	6	feet	16.00	
(B&B)	7	feet	20.00	-

### HONEYLOCUST

HONEYLOCUST — (GLEDITSIA triacanthos) Beautiful tree with wide spreading branches, with and without large thorns. Fine foliage very useful for low rambling type homes. Height 50 to 60'

1	inch	8.00	7.70
11/2	inch	11.00	10.70
2	inch	13.50	13.20
21/2	inch	17.00	16.70
3	inch	25.00	24.70
31/2	inch	35.00	34.70

### KENTUCKY COFFEETREE

**KENTUCKY COFFEETREE** — (GYMNOCLADUS dioica) Small, apple green leaves, medium irregular shape. Height 30 to 40'

11/2	inch	10.00	9.70
2	inch	15.00	14.70

### LINDEN

AMERICAN LINDEN — (TILIA americana) Tall with spreading top, large leaves, and the flowers attract bees. Height 90 to 100'

		racu	<b>5 to 25</b>
11/2	inch	9.50	9.20
2	inch.	12.00.	11.70
21/2	inch	15.00	14.70

PYRAMID LINDEN — (TILIA platyphyllos pyramidalis) Formal conical shape, excellent for specimen. Height 25 to 30'

(B&B) 4 inch 50.00 49.70

### MAPLE

NORWAY MAPLE — (ACER platanoides) Dense shade trees, having broad, deep green leaves. Globe shaped, prefers well drained soil. Height 45 to 50'

	Each	5 to 25	$2\frac{1}{2}$ inch	16.00	-
l inch	6.00	5.70	3 inch	25.00	24.70
1½ inch	10.00	9.70	31/2 inch	35.00	34.70

SILVER MAPLE — (ACER dasycarpum) Hardy, rapid growing native tree, produces quick shade. Does best in moist soil. Height 70 to 80'

1	inch	4.50	4.20	2	inch	7.50	7.20
11/2	inch	6.00	5.70	21/2	inch	10.50	10.20

**SUGAR MAPLE** — (ACER saccharum) Fine ornamental and shade tree, brilliant red and gold autumn leaf color. Height 40 to 50'

1	inch	8.00	7.70	11/2	inch	13.00	12.70
				2	inch	17.50	

CRIMSON KING MAPLE — (ACER plat. schwedleri nigra)
Same as the Schwedler maple, but keeping
the red and purple leaf color during the spring,
summer and fall.

7 feet 10.00 — 1 inch 12.00 —

### POPLAR

LOMBARDY POPLAR — (POPULAS nigra italica) Pyramidal shaped, rapid growing, excellent for screening purposes, short lived. Height 20 to 30'

		Each	5 to 25
6	feet	1.50	1.20
8	feet	2.30	2.00

### WILLOW

GOLDEN WEEPING WILLOW — (SALIX niobe) Same as the Russian but with the familiar weeping branches. Prefers moist soil. Height 20 to 30'

6	feet	3.00	2.70
8	feet	4.50	4.20

#### **B&B SIZES AND PRICES**

SHRL	JBS AND	•	STANDA	RD				
SMA	LL TREES	•	SHADE T	REES		PRI	CES	
18 - 24"	- 12"	Bali	11/4 - 11/2" -	18" Ball	12"	Ball	_	\$ 1.00
2 - 3'	- 12"	"	11/2 - 13/4" -	20" "	15"	**	_	1.50
3 - 4'	- 13"	"	1% - 2" -	22" "	18"	**	_	2.50
4 - 5'	- 15"	**	2 - 21/2" -	24" "	20"	**	_	3.00
5 - 6'	- 16"	**	21/2 - 3" —	28" "	22"	**	_	3.50
6 - 7'	- 18"	**	3-31/2" -	32" "	24"	**	_	5.00
7 - 8'	- 20"	**	31/2 - 4" —	36" "	28"	**	_	6.50
8 - 9'	- 22"	**	4 - 41/2" -	40′′ ′′	32"	**	_	8.50
9 - 10'	- 24"	**	41/2 - 5" -	44" "	36"	**	-	12.50
10 - 12'	- 26"	**	5 - 51/2" —	48" "	42"	**	_	15.00
12 - 14'	- 32"	**	5½ - 6" —	52" "	48"	**	-	17.50
14 - 16'	<b>— 36</b> "	**	6-7" —	58" "	54"	**	_	25.00
			7 - 8" —	64" "	60"	**		30.00
			8 - 9" —	70" "	66"	**	_	35.00
			9 - 10" -	76" "	72"	"	_	45.00
			10 - 12" —	84" "				

# Charming Effects with Flowering Shrubs

The shrubs form the greater part of attractive plantings and with careful placing and selecting of varieties, with reference to location, ultimate growth, flowering season, and foliage, form and color, will become the most treasured beauties of your possessions. They should be used around the foundation of buildings, along the edges of the building lot and in occasional clumps along the walks and driveways, but it is not good practice usually to plant them here and there in the lawn. The lawn looks best in broad unbroken stretches and this practice increases the apparent size of the grounds.

Ultimate height of plants will be described as follows:

Very dwarf - up to 3'; Dwarf - up to 5'; Medium - up to 8'; Tall - 8' and over.

### **ALMOND** — (PRUNUS glandulosa)

This is one of the outstanding better dwarf shrubs. The foliage is glossy reddish-green, flowers are small pink double rosettes along the branches in early May.

		Each	5 to 25
11/2	feet	1.30	1.20
2	feet	1.50	1.40

### ALPINE CURRANT — (RIBES alpinum)

The foliage is glossy medium green. Alpine Currant is very dense and very dwarf in habit, and is the best shrub for shade and hedges.

15 inch 1.30 1.20

### ALTHEA - SEE "Rose of Sharon" - Spring Only

ARALIA-FIVE LEAVED — (ACANTHOPANAX pentaphyllum) Medium growing shrub with arching branches. Glossy carrot-green foliage, small widely spaced thorns. Thrives in semishade.

4	feet	1.30	1.20
5	feet	1.50	1.40

### ARROW - WOOD - See "VIBURNUM"

### **BARBERRY** — (BERBERIS thunbergi)

**JAPANESE** — Dwarf compact shrub, very useful for hedges. Thorny branches, blooms in May, followed by an abundance of red berries which last all winter. Foliage changes to brilliant red in fall.

Each 5 to 25

1½ feet

.90

.80

RED LEAVED — (atropurpurea) Similar to Japanese except the foliage is bronze red all season, changing to bright red in autumn.

1½ feet 1.20 1.10

### **BEAUTY BUSH** — (KOLKWITZIA amabalis)

Medium growing shrub, which has pink flowers borne profusely in middle June, blooms for 5 or 6 weeks.

2 feet

1.30

1.20

### BRIDAL WREATH - See "SPIREA"

### **BUCKTHORN** — (RHAMNUS)

**COMMON BUCKTHORN** (cathartica) Vigorous shrub, very dark green foliage which colors to yellow and orange in autumn. Berries change from red to black in September. Tall growing.

3 feet 1.00 .90 4 feet 1.30 1.20

GLOSSY BUCKTHORN — (frangula) Vigorous shrub with numerous leafy branches and dark green foliage, which changes to various shades of yellow and orange in autumn. The berries change from red to black in September. Tall growing and very attractive to birds for food and shelter.

3 feet 1.00 .90 4 feet 1.30 1.20

### BUTTERFLY BUSH — (BUDDLEIA) — Spring Only

**SUMMER LILAC** — (Ille de France) Free flowering perennial shrub, which freezes back almost every winter. It grows to a dwarf size bush with lilac-like flowers on every tip.

Each 5 to 25

2 year No.1 1.00 .90

### **CORALBERRY** — (SYMPHORICARPOS vulgaris)

INDIAN CURRANT — Produces reddish-purple fruit which remains well into winter. Dense foliage and will grow in poor soil. It is dwarf in habit and is an excellent shrub on banks to control soil erosion, grows in semi-shade and provides protection for wild life.

2 feet .80 .70 3 feet 1.00 .90

### **CHOKEBERRY** — (ARONIA)

BLACK CHOKEBERRY — (melanocarpa) Very dwarf, and attractive to birds.

11/2 feet .90 .80

### **COTONEASTER** — See "PEKING COTONEASTER"

### **DOGWOOD** — (CORNUS)

**GOLDENTWIG** — (stolonifera flav. lutea) Exceptionally attractive in winter because of its golden bark. Will thrive in moist soil and grows to medium height.

**GRAY** — (paniculata) Has an abundance of white flowers in June followed by white berries. Foliage colors in fall. Medium growing shrub.

RED — (alba siberica) Medium growing shrub, with red bark. Will thrive in moist soil.

3 feet 1.00 .90

#### **EUONYMUS**

JAPANESE SPINDLE TREE — (alatus) Tall shrub with winged bark, produces small orange berries, and the foliage is brilliant pinkish-red in fall.

2 feet 3.00 2.90 3 feet 5.00 4.90

### GOLDEN BELL - FORSYTHIA

Intermedia spectabilis The foliage is dark green, and the profusion of golden blooms before the leaves appear in spring is a most cheerful yellow. It grows to medium height, and prefers well drained soil.

Each 5 to 25

3 feet 1.00 .90 4 feet 1.30 1.20

### **HAZELNUT** — (CORYLUS americana)

Medium growing, with foliage of light green and an interesting shaped leaf. This shrub produces the common hazelnut.

> 1½ feet 1.00 .90 2 feet 1.30 1.20

# HIGHBUSH CRANBERRY — See "VIBURNUM" HILLS OF SNOW — See "HYDRANGEA" HONEYSUCKLE — (LONICERA)

**PINK TATARIAN** — (tatarica grandiflora rosea) Fast tall growing shrub, pink flowers in May, developing red berries.

WHITE — (bella albida) The fastest growing of the honeysuckle family, has smaller darker green leaf, tall growing, has white flowers in May followed by red berries.

**RED-ZABELI** — (tatarica rubra) Tall fast growing shrub, medium red flowers in May followed by red berries. Excellent for tall hedges, windbreaks, screens and attractive to birds.

3 feet 1.00 .90 4 feet 1.30 1.20

### **HYDRANGEA**

**A. G.** — (arborescens grandiflora) Snowball Hydrangea or Hills of Snow — Dense light green foliage, with snowball type flower borne on the tips of the branches, which bloom in late July and August. Dwarf in height. 1½ feet 1.30 1.20

**P. G.** — (paniculata grandiflora) Grows to medium height, large coneshaped flowers and delicate pink at opening, changing to bronze-pink as they mature. Blooms from late August to frost. The flowers remain until autumn.

1½ feet 1.30 1.20 2 feet 1.50 1.40

# INDIAN CURRANT— See "CORALBERRY"

### JAPANESE QUINCE — (CYDONIA japonica)

**PYGMEA**— Very dwarf shrub with thorny branches which are covered in late April with bright flame-red flowers, followed by brilliant orange fruit.

Each 5 to 25 1½ feet 1.30 1.20

**JAPANESE QUINCE** — Dwarf growing, similar to the pygmea, with the exception that the flowers are deep orange-red.

2 feet 1.30 1.20 2½ feet 1.50 1.40 3 feet 1.80 1.70

### JAPANESE SPINDLE TREE — See "EUONYMUS alatus"

### **IETBEAD** — (RHODOTYPOS kerroides)

Medium growing, yellow green crinkly leaves, single white flowers in June followed by very black shiny berries which are attractive to birds.

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet 1.00 .90 2 feet 1.30 1.20

### KOLKWITZIA — See "BEAUTY BUSH"

### LILAC — (SYRINGA)

**COMMON PURPLE** — (vulgaris) Tall growing shrub with large leaves and purple blooms in late May.

**COMMON WHITE** — (vulgaris alba) Same as the purple bearing white flowers.

**PERSIAN** — (persica) Compact medium growing shrub, has smaller leaves than the common variety, and never misses a year in flowering. The panicles of lavender flowers are smaller, but are borne profusely.

3 feet 1.30 1.20

**FRENCH** — (named varieties hybrid French Lilacs) Tall growing, with large leaves, same as the common form except the flowers are of varied shades.

Single and double pink

Single carmine and single old rose

Double pale blue and single wedgewood blue

Single red	l		Each	5 to 25
	2	feet	3.00	2.90
	3	feet	4.00	3.90
	4	feet	6.00	5.90

### MAGNOLIA — (soulangeana) — Spring Only

Cup and Saucer — These are specimen shrubs, bearing large flowers 4 to 6 inches across late in April, before the leaves appear. The buds are a delicate shell pink opening to show the waxy-white inside of the very strong thick petals. The foliage is large and long, semi-glossy, and the ultimate height to approximately 20 feet. (B&B) 2 feet 7.50

(B&B) 3 feet 15.00 (B&B) 4 feet 20.00 (B&B) 5 feet 25.00 (B&B) 6 feet 30.00

### **BUSH MAPLE** — (ACER ginnale)

Maple shaped leaves, dense tall growing shrub. Beautiful for backgrounds and screening, changes in autumn to shades of pink, red and yellow.

2½ feet
1.30
1.20
3 feet
1.50
1.40

### **MOCKORANGE** — (PHILADELPHUS)

**SWEET MOCKORANGE** — (coronarius) Upright, tall vigorous shrub, with dense foliage. Single white flowers with orange centers, borne profusely in late May and early June.

3 feet 1.00 .90 4 feet 1.30 1.20

SEMI DOUBLE SWEET MOCKORANGE — (virginal) Develops similarly to coronarius but it blooms very prolifically in early spring and off and on all summer. 3 feet 1.60 1.50

MOCKORANGE — continued from preceding page.

MINNESOTA SNOWFLAKE — Similar to coronarius, except very double flowers, which last longer. Each 5 to 25

3 feet

2.50

2.40

### **MULBERRY** — (MORUS alba)

RUSSIAN MULBERRY — Dense light green foliage, tall growing shrub, with very grayish-yellow bark. White flowers in late May followed by blue-black fruit which attracts the birds.

5 feet

1.30

1.20

### NANKING CHERRY — (PRUNUS tomentosa)

Dark red bark, compact tall growing shrub. Unusual downy leaves, the flowers are white with red centers, followed by small light red cherries.

3 feet 1.60 1.50

### NANNYBERRY - See "VIBURNUM"

### NINEBARK — (PHYSOCARPUS opulifolius)

**NINEBARK** — Tall dense glossy foliage, bearing white flowers in clusters followed by red seed clusters. Blooms in late May.

3 feet

1.00

**DWARF NINEBARK** — (nana) Dense, compact dwarf shrub, with small clusters of milky white flowers in late May.

1½ feet

.90

PEKING COTONEASTER — (COTONEASTER acutifolia)
Tall growing with glossy dark green foliage, and will grow in semi-shade. Birds are attracted by the glossy black berries in fall.

2 feet 1.30 1.20

3 feet 1.60

1.50

### **PLUM** — (PRUNUS)

pouble Flowering Plum — (Triloba pleana) — Rose Tree of China — Medium growing shrub, with clear light double pink flowers borne in rosettes along the branches. Blooms in May. (B&B) 2 feet 2.50 2.40

(B&B) 3 feet (B&B) 4 feet

**4.**00 **6.**00

3.90 5.90

### PLUM — continued from preceding page

NATIVE — (americana) Tall growing, white flowers followed by reddish-purple fruit.

Each 5 to 25

3 feet 1.00 .90 4 feet 1.30 1.20

PURPLE LEAF PLUM — (Newport) Tall growing with purplered foliage during the growing season, blossoms delicate light pink in May. (B&B) 3 feet 4.00 3.90 (B&B) 4 feet 6.00 5.90

**THUNDERCLOUD** — (similar to Newport) Tall growing but the foliage is more red-purple than Newport during the growing season; blossoms are delicate light pink in May.

(B&B) 2 feet 2.50 2.40 (B&B) 3 feet 4.00 3.90

# FLOWERING ALMOND — (PRUNUS glandulosa) See "ALMOND"

### **PRIVET** — (LIGUSTRUM)

### AMUR RIVER NORTH - See "HEDGE PLANTS"

**REGELS** — Dense, dwarf growing, with small glossy leaves. Spreading branches and bearing small white flowers which produce blue-black berries.  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet 1.30 1.20

### PUSSY WILLOW — (SALIX discolor)

Tall growing with dark green foliage, Large silvery catkins in early spring.

3 feet 1.00 .90
4 feet 1.50 1.40

### REDBUD — (CERCIS canadensis)

**JUDAS TREE**—Tall growing tree-like shrub, which blossoms early in May before the leaves appear. The blooms are small heart-shaped and deep lavender-pink, borne profusely in clusters along the branches. The foliage is large and apple green.

3	feet	2.50	2.40
4	feet	3.50	3.40

### ROSE OF SHARON — (ALTHEA) — Spring Only

Foliage apple green, tall, producing double flowers which begin blooming in late August until frost.

LUCY - Red flowers

ARDENS — Violet flowers

**WHITE BANNER** — White flowers with red centers.

ANEMONAEFLORUS — Pink flowers

Each 5 to 25

3 feet 1.30 1.20

### RUSSIAN MULBERRY — See "MULBERRY"

### RUSSIAN OLIVE — (ELEAGNUS)

Tall growing with silver-gray foliage, small leaves, and producing olive colored downy berries.

3 feet 1.00 .90 4 feet 1.30 1.20 5 feet 1.80 1.70 6 feet 2.30 2.20

### **SHADBLOW** — (AMELANCHIER canadensis)

Tall growing shrub with gray bark, cream white flowers in May, followed by large maroon-purple berries. Foliage slightly gray.

Each

(B&B) 8 feet 12.00

### SHEEPBERRY — See "VIBURNUM"

SIBERIAN PEA BUSH — (CARAGANA orborescens)

Foliage pea-green leaflets, yellow flowers in early June, tall growing shrub.

Each 5 to 25

2 feet 1.30 1.20

### SPIREA

BRIDAL WREATH — (van Houttei) Medium shrub, very dense and drooping branches. Blooms profusely in late May with white flowers. This is a fine shrub as a facer for taller growing varieties.

2 feet .80 .70

3 feet 1.00 .90

### SPIREA — continued from preceding page.

FROEBELI — Very dwarf, with dense foliage of reddish-green, which changes to dark red in fall. In July the blooms are lavender-pink.

Each 5 to 25

 $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet 1.00 .90

### SUMAC — (RHUS)

**STAGHORN** — (typhina) A native tall growing shrub, brilliant red foliage in fall. The flowers are borne on the tips of the branches and are large cone-shaped, green in color and change to bright red.

3 feet .60 .50 4 feet .80 .70

### TAMARIX — (hispida)

**KASHGAR TAMARIX** — Foliage resembles the Juniper evergreen, tall growing, blooms profusely in May with pink flowers. Prefers dry soil.

 $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet .80 .70

### **VIBURNUM**

**ARROW-WOOD** — (dentatum) Tall growing, with dense glossy green foliage. Bears clusters of white flowers, followed by blue-black fruit, foliage changes to light red in fall. Will grow in shade and prefers moist soil.

2 feet 1.00 .90 3 feet 1.30 1.20

**BURKWOODI** — Medium growing, with dense downy graygreen foliage. Blooms in early May before the foliage appears. The flower clusters are light pink 2 to 3 inches across and very fragrant. **Each** 

(B&B) 15 inch 3.00 (B&B) 18 inch 5.00

**CARLESI** — This is the most charming of the viburnums, very dwarf and similar to Burkwoodi.

(B&B) 15 inch 3.00 (B&B) 18 inch 5.00

### VIBURNUM — continued from preceding page

**HIGHBUSH CRANBERRY**— (americanum) Tall, foliage changes to light red in fall. Blooms with large clusters of small white flowers followed by red berries. Very attractive to birds, and especially the Cedar Wax-wing, for food. Will thrive in shade.

		Each	5 to 25
2	feet	1.00	.90
3	feet	1.30	1.20

NANNYBERRY OR SHEEPBERRY — (lentago) Tall, slender shrub, with glossy leaves, which change to brilliant red in fall. Bears white flowers in clusters, followed by blue-black berries. Attractive to birds for nesting and food, and will thrive in shade.

3 feet 1.00 .90

4 feet 1.30 1.20 5 feet 1.80 1.70

**WAYFARING TREE** — (lantana) Tall growing, with dense foliage, thick downy leaves and white clusters of flowers. The fruit is unusually colorful, as there are green, red and black berries in each cluster. Will thrive in shade.

2	feet	1.00	.90
3	feet	1.30	1.20

### WEIGELA

**EVA RATHKE** — Dwarf, spreading shrub with large leaves. Blooms profusely in June with red bell-shaped flowers along the branches.

1½ feet 1.00 .90

2 feet 1.30 1.20

ROSEA— Medium growing shrub, similar to Eva Rathke except the flowers are pink.

2 feet 1.00 .90

3 feet 1.50 1.40 4 feet 2.00 1.90

WHITE FRINGE — (CHIONANTHUS virginica)

Tall growing, blooms profusely with white flowers in late June.

(B&B) 5 feet 5.00

WITCH HAZEL — (HAMAMELIS virginiana)

Dense, large thick foliage, yellow flowers in November. Tall growing, good for naturalizing and will thrive in semi-shade.

2	feet	1.30	1.20
3	feet	2.00	1.90

# Evergreens

Evergreens are always in favor for landscape work, their varied colored foliage affords an excellent background for the brilliant colors of summer, but it is in winter, when the landscape is barren of color that they are most appreciated.

Our conifers are grown carefully and scientifically, insuring a strong fibrous root growth. Trees that have been several times transplanted become established more easily. Planting time in this area should be done between April and May, and during September, October and November. Evergreens are dug "Balled and Burlapped" (B&B) at the prices quoted. Varieties marked with \* — A 10% discount on five or more of same size and variety will be allowed.

### FIR — (PSEUDOTSUGA douglasi)

DOUGLAS FIR — Hardy, tall, and shapely with dark blueishgreen to dark green needles. A full sun tree, but tolerates partial shade, thrives in well drained soil. Each 5 to 25

2	feet	5.00	4.75
$2\frac{1}{2}$	feet	7.50	7.25
3	feet	10.00	9.75
4	feet	15.00	14.50

### SPRUCE — (PICEA)

Large rapid growing trees for specimen, screen, hedge and windbreak plantings. Extremely hardy, full sun trees, they prefer medium soil; and can endure droughts and poor soil.

NORWAY SPRUCE \* — (PICEA Excelsa) Rapid grower, grace ful, dark green foliage, one of the best spruces, excellent for windbreak or hedge, the most easily transplanted evergreen.

3	feet	6.00	5.75
_	_		
4	feet	8.00	7.75
5	feet	10.50	10.25
6	feet	14.00	13.75

SPRUCE — continued on following page

### SPRUCE (Picea) continued from preceding page

BLACK HILL SPRUCE \* — (PICEA canadensis albertina) Native of Black Hill's country, very compact, deep blue-green, hardy and slow growing.

		Each	5 to 25
2	feet	4.50	4.25
21/2	feet	6.50	6.25
3	feet	8.50	8.25
31/2	feet	9.50	9.25
4	feet	12.00	11.75
5	feet	15.00	14.50

colorado blue spruce — (PICEA pungens glauca) Handsome, symmetrical, with light blue silvery needles. Used for specimens or accents.

2 feet 10.00 9.75 2½ feet 15.00 14.50

**COLORADO GREEN SPRUCE** • — (PICEA pungens) Same as above, except a good green color.

2	feet	4.50	4.25
$2\frac{1}{2}$	feet	6.00	5.75
3	feet	8.00	7.75
4	feet	10.50	10.25

### PINE — (PINUS)

Pines are large trees, coarse and shaggy in texture at maturity. The larger species have somewhat compact cone shapes when young and may be kept in that shape for a considerable period. Their best use is as large specimens, either singly, in groups or large hedges, windbreaks and screens. The smaller varieties have a limited use at the house foundation, but are best as "facers" for group plantings of the larger sorts. Few pines care for very moist soil, but thrive in medium to dry, and flourish in poor soil. They are full sun trees entirely, and withstand the most windswept exposure.

**SCOTCH PINE** — (PINUS sylvestris) Quick vigorous grower, hardy, soft green needles, red-brown bark.

2	feet	9.00	8.75
3	feet	12.00	11.75

PINE — continued from preceding page.

WHITE PINE — (PINUS strobus) Medium to fast growing with soft green needles that have a silvery strip down the center of the needle.

	Each	5 to 25			Each	5 to 25
2½ feet	10.00	9.75	3	feet	12.00	11.75
			4	feet	18.00	17.50

MUGHO PINE • — (PINUS mughus) Dwarf, broader than high, forming a domeshaped bush. Can be used for rocky banks, terrace slopes. The needles are 1 to 3 inches, thick and strong, and medium to dark green. Excellent for formal planting, foliage is dense, they are easily trained, and are slow growing.

15 inch	7.00	6.75	2	feet	10.00	9.75
$1\frac{1}{2}$ feet	8.00	7.75	21/2	feet	14.00	13.75
			3	feet	18.00	17.50

### ARBORVITAE — (THUJA)

Adaptable to wide use in landscapes and gardens. Prefer moist soil and should be planted where protected in winter. Foliage flat lacy fronds, extremely amenable to shearing, and they make excellent evergreen hedges.

**AMERICAN ARBORVITAE** — (THUJA occidentalis) Fronds loose and open, medium to dark green.

2	feet	4.00	3.75	$2\frac{1}{2}$	feet	5.50	5.25
				3	feet	7.50	7.25

GLOBE ARBORVITAE — (THUJA occ. globosa) Dense fine textured light green foliage. Ball shaped in outline, and holds its shape without shearing.

2 feet 4.50 4.25

**PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITAE** — (THUJA occ. pyramidalis) Compact, perfect column, holds its shape without trimming.

2½ feet 5.50 5.25 3 feet 7.50 7.25

### JUNIPER — (JUNIPERUS)

An unusual family having many interesting forms, broad cones, tight straight columns and low spreading. Fine textured, for full sun or partial shade, and they tolerate a fair amount of moisture. All except the largest are suitable for foundation planting.

ANDORRA JUNIPER — (JUNIPERUS communis depressa plumosa) Prostrate in habit, grayish-green in summer, plum color in fall and winter. Good on banks or for ground cover.

Each 5 to 25 1½ feet 7.00 6.75

- **BURKI** (J. virginiana burki) Semi-blue columnar type, fine foliage.
- **CANNARTI** (J. virg. cannarti) Finest tall growing cedar, grass green color, blue berries.
- **DUNDEE**—(J. Virg. Pyramidaformia Hilli) Blue-green foliage changing to a darker green in winter. Columnar type.
- **GLAUCA** (J. virg. glauca) Blue form of Red cedar, silvery blue in spring.
- **KETLEERI** (J. virg. Ketleeri) Similar to Cannarti, resists cedar apple rust.

3 feet 10.00 9.75 4 feet 15.00 14.50 5 feet 20.00 19.50

**SPINY GREEK** — (J. excelsa stricta) Wide cone type, height 4 to 5 feet, dark green foliage with blueish cast.

15	inch	4.00	3.75
$1\frac{1}{2}$	feet	5.50	5.25
2	feet	6.50	6.25
$2\frac{1}{2}$	feet	8.50	8.25

### JUNIPER — continued from preceding page

**MEYERI** — (J. squamati meyeri) Irregular development, strong blue color, dwarf growing.

Each 5 to 25

15 inch 7.50 7.25 18 inch 9.00 8.75

PFITZER JUNIPER — (J. chinensis pfitzeriana) The most valuable spreading evergreen, having a flat top with horizontal spreading branches. Graceful arching fronds, medium green, slightly gray foliage. Excellent for foundation planting.

15 inch 5.00 4.75 1½ feet 7.00 6.75 2 feet 10.00 9.75

PFITZER JUNIPER — UPRIGHT — (J. chinensis pfitzeriana — upright) Staked to grow to an ultimate height, and will not exceed height to which it is trained. This is a valuable evergreen where a definite height is necessary, as under windows.

2 feet 9.00 8.75 2½ feet 12.00 11.75 3 feet 15.00 14.50

**SCOPULORUM** — **GRAFTED** — (J. scopulorum) Blue and green colors, narrow columnar shape.

2½ feet 8.00 7.75 3 feet 10.00 9.75

### **HEMLOCK** — (TSUGA canadensis)

CANADIAN HEMLOCK — Fine evergreen for deep shade, branches are slender. They shear well and are fast growing in moist soil, and prefer shade year round.

2½ feet 8.00 7.75 3 feet 10.00 9.75

### Y E W - (TAXUS)

Several members of the Yew family comprise the "aristocrats" of medium, dwarf and pygmy types of evergreen. Handsome, hardy and a variety of types lend themselves to unusual landscape effects. Colors range in rich dark greens, most varieties maintain this positive color year round. Yews thrive in shade and tolerate extreme ranges of moisture. Every home deserves the liberal use of Yews. Thrives in shade or sun.

**CAPITATA YEW** — (TAXUS cuspidata capitata) Pyramidal, excellent for accents at foundations, also for hedging, and entrance plantings.

		Each	5 to 25
2	feet	13.00	12.75
21/2	feet	15.00	14.50
3	feet	20.00	19.50
31/2	feet	28.00	27.50

BREVIFOLIA YEW — (TAXUS cuspidata nana) Dwarf, compact with occasional dense arm-like branches, very dark green foliage, excellent for dwarf hedges. The slowest growing of the Yews.

15 inch 10.00 9.75 18 inch 12.50 12.25

CUSPIDATA — SPREADING YEW — (TAXUS cuspidata) Larger form, kept within bounds by pruning.

Bright medium green color, and medium growing.

15 inch 8.00 7.75

18 inch 10.00 9.75 2 feet 12.00 11.75

HICKSI — (TAXUS hicksi) Columnar, rich glossy dark green, resists extremes of heat and drought, can be sheared, fine for hedges.

15	inch	6.00	E 75
13	men	0.00	5.75
$1\frac{1}{2}$	feet	7.00	6.75
21/2	feet	13.00	12.75

# **Hedge Plants**

AMUR RIVER NORTH PRIVET — (LIGUSTRUM amurense) Best hedge plant for trimmed hedges, rapid growing, vigorous shrub which grow to a height of about 8 feet. Foliage is dense, glossy dark green, and bears small white fragrant flowers in early June.

		Per	10	Per	100
11/2	feet		4.00	3	6.00
2	feet		5.00	4	5.00
3	feet		6.00	5	0.00

JAPANESE BARBERRY — (BERBERIS thunbergi)Dwarf compact shrub, thorny branches, blooms in May, followed by an abundance of red berries which last all winter. Foliage changes to brilliant red in fall.

Per 10 Per 100 1½ feet 6.00 55.00

**TRUEHEDGE** — (BERBERIS thun. pluriflora erecta) More dense and upright than Japanese, same characteristics as the Japanese in flowering and foliage.

Per 10 Per 100 inch 8.00 70.00

CHINESE ELM — (ULMUS pumila) Rapid growing, fine foliage and thrives in poor soil. Tall growing, excellent for hedges and trims nicely.

18

Per 10 Per 100 3 feet 15.00 140.00 4 feet 20.00 190.00 25.00 5 feet 240.00 feet 30.00 290.00

## Vines

**BITTERSWEET** — (CELASTRUS orbiculatus) Native climbing vine with large leaves, yellow flowers and clusters of capsuled orange seeds. Valuable for winter bouquets, and rapid growing.

\$ .60 Each

**BOSTON IVY** — (AMPELOPSIS tricuspidata veitchi) **Spring Only.** Leaves overlap, forming a dense climbing vine, foliage changes to brilliant scarlet in fall. It clings readily to brick or stone walls.

Each 5 to 25

1.00 .90

### CLEMATIS — Spring Only

**SWEET AUTUMN CLEMATIS** — (CLEMATIS paniculata) Exceptionally fragrant large white flowers, rapid growing vine, blooms profusely in early fall, glossy foliage.

**JACKMANI** — Large violet-purple flowers, a mass of blooms in late July.

MME. EDOUARD ANDRE — Crimson flowers borne profusely in late July.

**HENRYI** — White flowers

The "Clematis" are superb vines for covering arbors and summer houses, but require well drained soil.

In Pots \$1.50 Each

**HALL'S HONEYSUCKLE** — (LONICERA japonica halliana) Large vigorous vine with pure white flowers, changing to yellow. Good for slopes, hedgerows and dense ground covers.

\$ .50 Each

MATRIMONY VINE — (LYCIUM chinense) Vigorous hardy vine, bright purple flowers, followed by scarlet berries, good for slopes. \$ .40 Each

VINES — continued on following page

### VINES — continued from preceding page

**CREEPING MYRTLE** — (VINCA minor) Best ground cover for poor soils, neat trailing vine, dark glossy foliage, has blue flowers in spring.

\$..30.Each

**BIG LEAF WINTER CREEPER** — (EUONYMUS vegetus) **Spring Only.** Clings to stone, slow growing, very thick glossy foliage which is semi-evergreen.

\$2.00.Each

**WINTER CREEPER** — (EUONYMUS radicans colorata) Ground cover primarily, but it can be trained on stone. Thick glossy dark green foliage, which changes to purplish-red in fall, leaves remain until December.

\$1.00. Each

# Fruits, Berries aud Garden Plants APPLES

 $\frac{7}{8}$  inch \$ 2.00 Each 1 inch 3.00 Each

#### SUMMER:

Duchess — Cooking — pies and apple sauce Early Harvest — Eating Yellow Transparent — Cooking Red June — Eating

### **AUTUMN:**

Jonathan — Cooking and eating
Snow — Eating
Wealthy — Cooking and eating
Mc Intosh — Cooking and eating
Grimes Golden — Cooking and eating

### WINTER: — Eating

Delicious Dark Red Delicious Yellow Russet Tolman Sweet Winesap

### FRUITS, BERRIES & GARDEN PLANTS — continued —

### CHERRIES — Spring Only

**EARLY RICHMOND** — Approximately a week earlier than Montmorency variety in ripening.

1 inch \$3.00 Each

MONTMORENCY — Larger size cherry than Early Richmond
1 inch \$3.00 Each

NAPOLEON SWEET CHERRY

11/16 inch \$2.50 Each

### PEACHES - PEARS

PEACH — Spring Only. Valiant and Veteran varieties
11/16 inch \$1.50 Each

PEAR — Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite and Duchess varieties
11/16 inch \$2.00 Each 1 inch \$3.00 Each

DWARF PEAR — Bartlett and Duchess varieties

5/8 inch \$2.50 Each

### PLUMS — Spring Only

La Crescent

Monitor

Elliot

11/16 inch \$2.00 Each

### SMALL FRUITS

**CURRANTS** — Cherry variety

2 Year \$ .75 Each

GOOSEBERRIES —

\$ .75 Each

Champion — Green

Downing — Pale Green

Houghton — Dark Red

HANSEN'S BUSH CHERRIES

\$ .75 Each

FRUITS, BERRIES & GARDEN PLANTS — continued —

FRUITS, BERRIES & GARDEN PLANTS — continued —

GRAPES

2 Year \$ .60 Each

Caco — Red

Concord — Blue

Niggara — White

**RASPBERRIES** — Black Cumberland and Red Latham varieties

2 Year Per 10-\$1.75

STRAWBERRIES — Spring Only

STANDARD VARIETY:

Senator Dunlap

Per 25-\$ .75

**EVERBEARING VARIETIES:** 

Streamliner

Per 25 - 2.25

Mastodon

Per 25 - 1.50

ASPARAGUS: - Spring Only

Washington

2 Year Per 100 - \$3.00

Paradise (may be eaten 1 year earlier)

2 Year Per 100 - 5.00

RHUBARB — Red Mc Donald variety Per Clump \$ .60

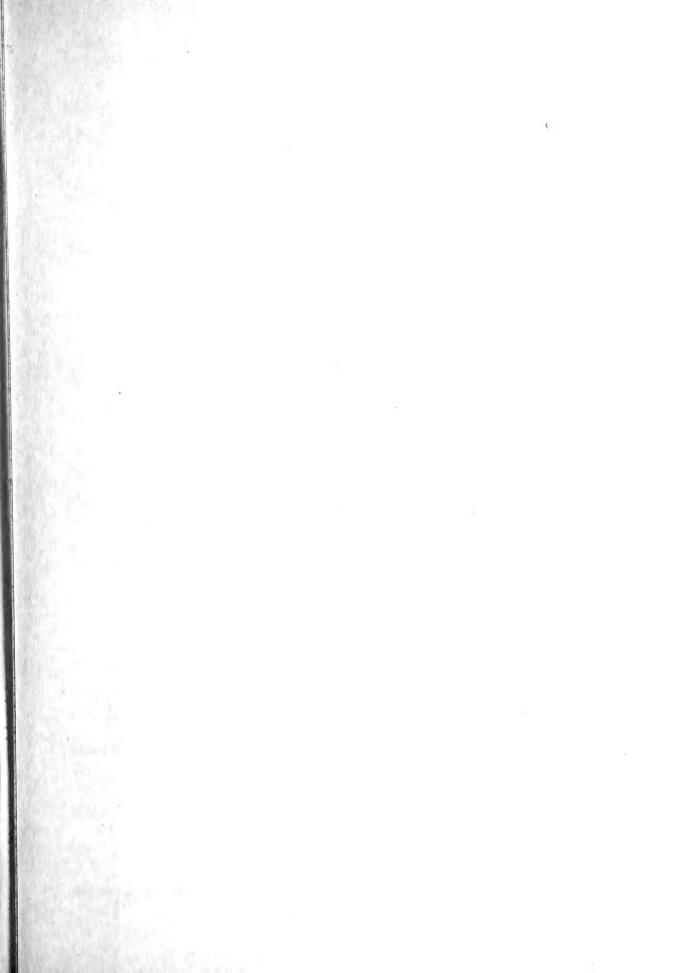
# Fall Bulbs

## TULIPS

SINGLE EARLY	Per	Dozen
Pink Beauty — Deep rose		
DOUBLE EARLY		
Marechal Niel — Yellow and orange		. 1.00
Orange Nassau — Deep orange and red		1.00
Peach Blossom — Deep pink		1.00
Schoonoord — Snow-white		1.25
Electra — Deep carmine		. 1.00
Mr. van der Hoeff — Golden yellow		. 1.00
MENDEL		
Early Queen — Satiny rose		1.00
John Gay — Orange		1.00
Van der Eerden — Lively red		.90
White Sail — White		. 1.00
TRIUMPH		
Bandoeng — Mahogany red with golden edge		.90
Edith Eddy — Cerise		.90
Rhineland — Cerise with yellow edge		90
<b>Telescopium</b> — Violet rose		90
DARWIN		
Aristocrat — Rose	• • • • •	1.00
Bartigon — Crimson		90
Clara Butt — Salmon pink		90
Demeter — Dark blue		1.25
Insurpassable — Lilac		. 1.00
La Tulipe Noire — Black		1.00
Pride of Haarlem — Cherry scarlet		90
Princess Elisabeth — Rosy pink		90

TULIPS — continued from preceding page	Per	Dozen
Red Pitt — Scarlet		90
Prunus — Rose		.90
Zwanenburg — White		1.00
Niphetos — Ivory yellow		. 1.00
Queen of the Night — Deep purple		. 1.00
Scarlet Leader — Scarlet with black center		1.00
Pride of Zwanenburg — Salmon Pink	• • •	1.25
REMBRANDT — Variegated Darwin		
Cordell Hull — Red striped rose		1.00
Montgomery		1.25
PARROT		
Black Parrot — Deep Purple	• • • •	12.00
Blue Parrot — Bluish-heliotrope		
Fantasy — Soft rose		
Red Champion — Crimson	• • • •	1.50
Orange Favorite — Orange	• • •	. 1.25
Sunshine — Yellow	• • •	. 1.50
COTTAGE		
Carrara — Pure white	• • • /	90
Golden Harvest — Lemon yellow	• • • •	.90
Mrs. John Scheepers — Yellow	• • •	1.00
Northern Queen — Pink with white	• • •	1.00
Marshall Haig — Scarlet and yellow	• • •	1.25
BREEDER		
Indian Chief — Coppery brown	• • • •	1.00
Tantalus — Dull yellow with lilac flush		1.00
Louis XIV — Dark Purple with bronze	• • •	1.00
TULIPA		
Red Emperor — Dazzling vermilion red	• • • •	1.50
TULIPS — continued on follow	vinç	g page

TULIPS — continued from prec	,	Per Dozen		
Farncombe Sanders — Fiery Campfire — Red Philip Snowdon — Rose Kansas — White with yellow Mothersday — Light yellow William Copeland — Lilac	y rose scarlet	80		
HYACINTHS —	- \$1.50 Dozen			
La Victoire — Red  City of Haarlem — Pale yellow  Jan Bos — Scarlet	Queen of the Wh Queen of the Pink King of the Blues			
NARCI	SSUS	Per Dozen		
Aerolite — Primrose yellow, brid Geranium — White, orange-red King Alfred — Bright golden yel Pheasant's Eye — White, orange	cup	1.50 1.25		
CROCUS — \$ .50 Dozen				
Purple Grandiflora K	ing of the Blues ing of the Whites emembrance — Bl	ue		
SCILLAS — Siberica, blue		Per Dozen \$ .50		
MUSCARI — Armeniacum, brig	tht blue	40		
MADONNA LILLIES — White .		Each .35		





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